THE TIMES FOUNDED 1884.

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RICHMOND, VA., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1914.

WEATHER TO-DAY-FAIR.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

Have You Cast Your

Vote for Your

Conductor?

SUPPLY OF ARMS FOR REBELS FROM UNITED STATES

Entire Stock of El Paso
Dealer Taken Across

being constructed at the Grand Curtiss factory in Hammondsport, N. Y.

It is proposed to make the historic event the climax of the celebration of event the climax of the celebration of the construction Border.

RUSH SHIPMENTS TO TEXAS TOWN

Constitutionalists Withdraw After First Skirmish With Federal Troops Protecting Torreon. Threats by General Villa to Execute Spaniards Cause Much Concern.

ress wagon to-day trundled across the nternational Bridge from El Paso to tions of war permitted to cross to the rebels under President Wilson's procla-mation lifting the embargo. The wagon contained 57,000 rounds of ammunition quantities of fighting weapons have the passage of arms to the Mexican belligerents, were received by both the United tSates Army and customs of-

order came so suddenly that rebel leaders at Juarez were unpre-pared for it, for, they said, had they been jrepared large supplies would have been held in readiness on American side. It was said the next few weeks will witness shipments to Juarez as rapidly as carloads can be brought to El Paso.

Stocks Depleted.

Agents of General Villa to-day made e rounds of dealers in El Paso to buy up all suitable arms, but they reported that stocks had been depleted. Not-withstanding this, custom officials re-ceived word that more than 500,000 ounds of ammunition were shipped to

The 500,000 rounds of ammunition and roops from the Federals when the latter crossed from Olinaga, will not be affected by the lifting of the embargo, but will be held at Fort Bliss.

Spaniards in El Paso, who have relatives in Northern Mexico, were much concerned over General Villa's positive statement that he intended to deal summarily with Spaniards captured in Torreon. Notwithstanding the view of Constitutionalist agents in Washing-Constitutionalist agents in Washing-ton that General Villa was misunder-stood, the rebel leader emphatically said he had proof that Spaniards had sided with the Federal troops, and that he intended to shoot them.

Rebels Forced to Withdraw. Chihuahua, Mex., February 4.—The st skirmish between Federal troops protecting Torreon and the rebel army, advancing on that city, resulted in withdrawal of the rebel forces. De tails of the skirmish reached here today. The fight was in the mountain pass of Puerta de Lacadena, about

est of Torreon. Rebel troops under General Urbina were guarding the pass when they were attacked by a Federal force from Mapini. A brief fight resulted in the rebel's retreat to the main rebel advance guard, north of Mapimi. General Urbina was attempting to hold the pass as an approach for rebels from the West. The rebels now believe they will have to fight for Mapimi pass be-

thirty miles from Mapini and north-

they march on Torreon. cisco Villa from Juarez to-day, rebel leaders looked forward to the Torreon campaign, although train loads of ammunition, of rations for men and horses have to be shipped forward for a week or ten days before anything like a general engagement takes place.

Meantime the rebels are enjoying the fruits of recent victory and are inforenig what alleged Huerta sympathizers call a reign of terror.

automobiles owned by rich families who have been banished, but which now are used by citizens who, a few months ago, were classed as peons As the more striking equipages pass in the secial parades, comments come from the crowd such as "That was Juan Creel's carriage," or "Look at the

horses of Terrazas." The Federal theatre, erected under the Diaz regime, has been opened for the benefit of the revolution, and mili-

The trouble with the Madero revolution was that it was not fought to a finish. After Diaz fell, the greater part of his regime survived and crip-pled Madero. The Madero administration formed too generous compromise revolution will continue until the re-form elements triumph completely; until the country is purged of the Clen-tifico influence, and until we are rid of landlordism. In blef, the remedy for revolution is a thorough revolution. It is this fact that causes Carranza to reject all offers of compro mise, since such compromises contain the seed of endless disturbance."

No Signs of Orders Effect. Washington, February 4.—There were few external signs to-day of the effect of yesterday's presidential pro-clamation revoking the order against the shipments of arms and munitions of war into Mexico. In answer to a

AIR TRIP ACROSS OCEAN

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] New York, February 4.—A trans-At-antic voyage by aeroplane will be an accomplished fact if the plans of Rodman Wanamaker, of Philadelphia, are successful. Mr. Wanamaker is sup-plying the funds for the undertaking which, it became known to-day, has reached a stage where he is confident f success. A machine in which the ir voyage is to be made is eing constructed at the Glenn H. event the climax of the celebration of 100 years of peace between this country and England. Of the four persons whom the aeroplane is being constructed to carry, one will be an English aerial expert and another will probably be Lieutenant John H. Towers, the noted aerial expert of the American navy. In a letter to Alan R. Hawley, president of the Aero Club of America, received by the latter to-day, Mr. Wanamaker expressed the belief that Wanamaker expressed the belief that the success of the enterprise will has-ten the disarmament of nations, by demonstrating that the greatest Dread-noughts will be at the mercy of aerial war craft.

DR. AKED MAY NOT SERVE

Will Quit as Head of Church Federa-tion If There Is any Dissatisfaction. Sar Francisco, Cal., February 4.-Dr. Charles F. Aked, president by unanimous election of the Church Federa-tion of San Francisco, to-day said that if there was dissatifaction of even 1 per cent of the membership because of his incumbency, he would resign. He is pastor of the First Congregational Church.

it developed to-day sought the dorsement of the San Francisco Pres-bytery for their action, and did not get it. They therefore proceeded to act for themselves in the matter, and it appeared to-day they probably would make their point.

"Protestantism is not so strong in San Francisco that I should be willing to weaken it even for a time." Dr. Aked said. "If the Church Federation does not wish unanimously my vices I have no wish to serve."

STEAMER LOST AT SEA

Hits Rock During Heavy Snowstorm All on Board Saved.

Rupert, British Columbia, the Union Line, Captain Richardson, in a heavy snowstorm hit a rock, sinking in half an hour. The twenty-six ing here to-day by the steamship Ven-

sinking is that the Vadso struck in a wild storm in the dark. The steamer and lower away small boats. All freight was lest. The survivors reached Arrandale Cannery, where they were picked up by the Venture.

WESTERN BANKERS HEARD

Want Reserve Institution Established
in San Francisco.
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
Los Angeles, Cal., February 4.—Utah
and Arizona bankers joined with Southern California bankers to-day in a twohour public hearing conducted by Secretaries McAdoo and Houston in urging
that the Picific Const States be united that the Pacific Coast States be united in one Federal reserve district, with the Federal reserve bank in San Fran-cisco and branches in Los Angeles and

other cities.

To-night the secretaries were the guests of 450 Los Angeles and Southwestern bankers at the Hotel Raymond, at Pasadena. They will leave on Friday afternoon on their return to the

Friday afternoon on their return to the East.

The one diversion besides golf that will consume much of Secretary Mc-Adoo's time here will be playing with his little grandchild. The little tot, the three-months-old daughter of Mr. to we furth and Mrs. Charles T. Martin, of Alhambra, will be christened while Mr. Mc-Adoo is here.

Some bit bate, Sena to the cross of Mr. to would be to receive the consumer of Mr. and Mrs. Charles T. Martin, of Alhambra, will be christened while Mr. Mc-Adoo is here.

CHARGES AGAINST BERRY

Captain of Nantucket Accused of Negligence and Misconduct.

Norfolk, Va., February 4.— Captain Robert E. Tapley, steamboat inspector for this district, announced to-night Lists Bring Disclaimers.

Lists Bring Disclaimers.

One of the duties assigned to an employe of a rebel newspaper is to the complete of the co take from the files the names of per- Old Dominion steamer Monroe last Fri- announced and the roll call had begun

Captain Tapley said he would charge cupied the city. Lists of these names | Captain Tapley said he would charge published invalably bring forth dis-

AMERICANS AT COURT BALL

Several Invited by German Emperor and Empress.

Berlin, February 4.—A number of Americans were present at the court ball to-night, given by the German Emperor and Empress. They included the American Ambassador and Mrs. James W. Gerard, and the members of the staff of the embassy and their wives; Professor Archibald Cary in at the University of Berlin, and Mrs. Shorey; the Countess Sigraw, sisterial the University of Berlin, and Mrs. Shorey; the Countess Sigraw, sisterial in-law of the United States ambassand Mrs. Robert K. Cassatt, of the benefit of the revolution, and military bands perform in the plazas daily.

In line with the statement of General Villa that he would banish all Spaniards known to have opposed the rebels and that he would exterminate rebels and that he would exterminate relative here as represent the country of the United States ambassished and Mrs. Robert K. Cassatt, of State of the United States ambassished and Mrs. Robert K. Cassatt, of State of the United States ambassished and Mrs. Robert K. Cassatt, of State of the United States ambassished and Mrs. Robert K. Cassatt, of State of the Education of the United States ambassished and Mrs. Robert K. Cassatt, of State of the Staff of the embassy and their the staff of the embassy and the staff of the embassy and their the staff of the embassy and the staff of the embassy and their the staff of t

MRS. WILSON ACTS AS GUIDE

Excerts Party of Friends Through
White House Executive Offices.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
Washington, February 4.—Mrs.
Woodrow Wilson acted as guide for a
group of visitors at the executive offices of the White House to-day. It
was her third visit to the offices since
she became mistress of the White
House. Those whom she escorted
through the rooms were Miss Henrietta Ricketts, of Princeton, N. J.; Dr.
and Mrs. O. H. Jacobus, of Hartford,
Conn., and Edward W. Shelton, of New
York.

CONFIRMING BY SENATE

Goethals Will scome Governor of Canal Zone on April 1.

Washington, February 4.—The nomination of Colonel George W. Goethals to be Governor of the Panama Canal Zone to-day was confirmed by the Senate. The appointment becomes effective April 1, 1914, with President Wilson's order creating a permanent civil government for the Canal Zone.

Governor, should hold until the next meeting of the Legislature so as to give the appointed Senator the right to hold until the next meeting of the Legislature so as to give the appointed Senator or adjourned. He called attention to the fact that Alabama had not ratified the seventeenth amendment, and to the desire government for the Canal Zone.

(Continued On Ninth Page.)

GLASS IS DENIED SENATE SEAT BY **VOTE OF 32 TO 31**

Result Sustains Committee on Privileges and Elections.

NARROW MARGIN CAUSES SURPRISE

Alabama Editor, Appointed by Governor O'Neal to Fill Vacancy, Loses Fight After Spirited Debate Involving Interpretation of Constitutional Amendment.

washington, February 4.—By a majority of one vote, 32 to 31, Frank P. Glass, of Alabama, editor of the Birmingham News, late to-day lost his fight for a seat in the United States Senate. The vote sustained the recommendation of the Committee on Priv-lleges and Elections, which held that Mr. Glass was not entitled to be scated because his appointment by Governor O'Neal to succeed the late Senator Joseph F. Johnston was made after the seventeenth constitutional amendment, directing election of Senator by the people, had been proclaimed in full

Spirited, and at times, bitter debate marked the close of the case, the sec-ond which the Senate has settled in-voling interpretation of the consti-tutional amendment. Senator Blair voling interpretation of the consti-tutional amendment. Senator Blair Lee, of Maryland, who was seated a few days ago, on recommendation of the Elections Committee made his maiden speech in favor of Glass, and later cast his vote for him .

In the face of determined opposition mittee headed by Senator Kern, the there is no need of haste in dispatching champions of the Alabaman, proceed-inf from a forlorn hope, made remarkable progress in gaining votes, and the been contemplated by the opposition until the last hours of the controversy. Then it was that Senator Walsh, of Montana, who wrote the majority report, in a closing plea, appealed to his colleagues to cast aside personal esteem and friendship and to consider the case from a legal standpoint only, to realize that they were making history and that a precedent might be established upon which to base action in future emergencies.

only eight Democrats voted to deny fr. Glass his seat. They were: Senators Kern, Hitchcock, Johnson,

Lane, Pomerene, Shiveley, Thompson and Walsh. Four Republicans, Bradley, Fall, Per- not be

minority.

ing Mr. Glass, eventually proved the with Senator Senator Clapp previously had announced that he would vote to seat
Mr. Glass, but late to-day in a brief

Senator Clapp previously had announced that he would vote to seat
Mr. Glass, but late to-day in a brief

The overthrow of President Billing

tow further asserted:
"If the vote had been taken before this day, the majority against Mr. Glass would have been two to one. It

will be interesting to watch how cer-tain Senators vote to-day." This remark angered Senator Mark

Smith, of Arizona, who assailed the Kansas Senator for "continually" as-

sons who participated in social or day morning, causing the loss of forty-business ayouts before the rebels oc- one lives. jority to deny Mr. Glass a seat, Senator LaFollette, who had been ill at his aged, simple veteran, afflicted with exclaimers from the persons resorted to.

Nevertheless reports of some one having been shot are numerous.

Along the streets roll carriages and automobiles owned by rich families when heaves the case will be tried.

Along the streets roll carriages and automobiles owned by rich families when heaves the case will be tried.

An automobile auto Vote in Case

Senators voting to seat Mr. Glass Fere: Ashurst, Bankhead, Bradley,

were: Ashurst. Bankhead, Bradley, Chamberlain, Chilton, Fall, Fletcher, James, Lee, Martin, Martine, Myers, Newlands, Owen, Perkins, Pittman,

send, Walsh, Weeks, Works—32.

The malden speech of Senator Blair Lee, of Maryland, who was seated last week, by virtue of an election in that State, came as a climax to the long de-bate. Senator Lee emphasized his timidity in differing on a question of con-stitutional law with the Committee on Privileges and Elections, to which he owed his own seat on the floor. The great deference the Senate had always shown and justly shown, he said, to the right of the States to equal representation on the floor of the Senate induced him to express his own opinion in favor of Mr. Glass. in favor of Mr. Glass.

He emphasized the point that so anxious had the Senate been to preserve this equal representation that it had stretched the words of the old Constitu-tion providing that a Senator, appointed by a Governor, should hold until the next meeting of the Legislature so as to give the appointed Senator the right to hold until the next Legislature

REPUBLIC OF PERU AGAIN IN THROES OF REVOLUTION

President Taken Prisoner After Sudden Attack by Rebels.

CABINET PREMIER KILLED IN FIGHT

Dr. Augusto Durand, Former Leader, Takes Possession of Palace, and Is Expected to Organize New Government. Deposed Ruler to Be Sent Into Exile.

Lima, February 4.—The President of the republic of Peru, Guillermo Billinghurst, to-day was taken prisoner by

Benavides,
General Enrique Varela, Premier and
Minister of War, was killed in the
sharp fight which ensued. Dr. Augusto Durand, a former revolutionary
leader, who was sought by the police
yesterday, took possession of the palace. It is generally believed that he
will organize a new government.
President Billinghurst was later
taken by the rebels as a prisoner to
Callao, whence he will be sent into
extle. exile.

Washington, February 4.—The spectacular and successful revolution in Peru finds the United States Navy without a single warship south of the equator. The work of the revolutionists was so complete, however, that there is no need of hoste in dispatching.

a vessel to the scene.

Later it may become necessary for to the last, but on a last effort to the United States to have at hand the United States to have at hand the United States to have at hand the liminate the test from the bill, they defeated 140 to 239. The final the United States to have at hand means of supporting any representa-tions that the State Department may on Beard Saved.

upert, British Columbia,

The steamship Vadso, of Line, Captain Richardson, ernor O'Near's apparent, but that he days had been apparent, but that he would come so close to success had not been contemplated by the opposition unbeen contemplated by the controversy.

The strength steadily in the last few days had been apparent, but that he Billinghurst administration. So far, though, officials here have not been able to frame any policy. News came to the day appartment late in the day to the department to have not been apparent.

revolution made governments to the present state of affairs in Peru was admitted in some quarters. But it was pointed out that owing to the peculiar conditions under which President Bil linghurst came into office a year ago, with a cloud on his own title, it may not be necessary to raise the question kins and Stephenson voted with the as to the status of his successor. Clapp Changes Result.

Senator Clapp, of Minnesota, who had signed the minority report favoring Mr. Class eventually report favoring Mr. Class eventually report favoring Mr. Class eventually report favoring to day's uprising. Legula was in Washington a few weeks ago, but at last s, eventually proved the reports had gone to London to get fi-the Alabama appointee. nancial backing for an attempt to over-

Mr. Glass, but late to-day in a brief speech, he declared that he had become convinced that his original interpretation of the case had been erroneous.

Some bitterness entered into the debate, Senator Bristol arousing support
which have existed in Peru for the past fourteen months. Almost from the day of his inauguration, December 24, ers of Mr. Glass when he declared that 1912, Billinghurst has incurred and it would be an outrage on the people to receive the Alabaman. Senator Bris. Ited of not a few of his "subjects." His first mistake was to suggest and lend his influence to an attack upon former President Legula, who was still a strong figure in Peruvian politics and immensely popular with the up classes. An attack upon the home this aged politician was followed by his extle to London, where he now re-

Kansas Senator for "continually asserting his suspicion of his colleagues and questioning their motives when they did not agree with him.

The vote was taken on a substitute The vote was taken The vote was taken on a substitut

General Enrique Verala, Premier. and head of the army, who was killed in to-day's fighting, is described as an

can interests was another characterisseeing the great commercial advantages to follow the opening of the Panama Canal, the vast majority of the people desired nothing more than amicable relations with their great northern neighbor, the United States. On his

harbor of Callao, with that port, arous-(Continued On Ninth Page.)

Monroe 1

One of the customers of The Times-Dispatch said on yesterday:

"I don't believe there is a man or woman in Richmond using the telephone who does not know the number of The Times-Dispatch central office-Monroe 1.

It is a great thing to be MONROE 1 is known be-

cause it has been advertised. If you are unknown, tell the world who you are and use the Want Ads in The Times-Dispatch as a means of introduc-

Call up MONROE 1 and let the Want Ad man call upon vou.

BILL PRESCRIBES LITERACY TEST FOR IMMIGRANTS

Measure Passes House by Vote of 241 to 126.

OPPONENTS WAGE FUTILE BATTLE

Adopted at End of Day of Vigorous Debate, Which at Times Threatens to Cause Serious Trouble-Terms Not Approved by President Wilson.

nett immigration bill, prescribing a literacy test for applicants to addis-sion to the United States, was passed military revolutionists. The rebels by the House this afternoon by a vote suddenly attacked the presidential palace under the leadership of Colonel ments relating to the exclusion of Asiatic immigrants previously had been eliminated.

as the bill passed it provides that every immigrant admitted to the United States must be able to read "the English language or some other language of dialect, including Hebrew or Yiddish." It prescribed the method of testing immigrants, providing that each applicant for admission must read. applicant for admission must read a slip on which is printed between thirty and forty words.

vote came at the end of a day of vig-orous debate, which at times threw orous debate, which at times threw the House into confusion, and on sev-eral occasions threatened to cause serious trouble.

Hurries Debate Along.

Representative Burnett, of Alabama, in charge of the bill, tried to hurry the debate along, and frequently moved the debate along, and frequently moved to proceed and shut off the discussion. On one occasion Representative Manahah no, of Minnesota, commented upon what he called "the unfairness with which this bill has been driven through," and "the unfair statements of the chairman, Mr. Burnett, in view of his fear and cowardice, which he has shown in not daring to answer objections."

With a bound Representative Burnett was on his feet.

"That's a lie, Mr. Chairman, and the gentleman knows it," he shouted.

Amid a tumult of demands for recognition, points of order, and a general outburst of disorder, Representative Hay, in the chair, finally called Representative Manahan to order. Another outburst followed, in the course of which Representative Manahan to order. Another outburst followed, in the course of which Representative Manahan withdrew the word "cowardice," "and the discussion.

Sincate Maintains Speed of 18.55 Knots an Hour for 24 Hours.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

Now Hampshire Maintains Speed of 18.55 Knots an Hour for 24 Hours.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

Norfolk, Va., February 4.—Breaking all previous records for endurance runs, the battleship New Hampshire has arrived at Guantanamo. The New Hampshire has arrived at Guantanamo on the way down the coast. The Louisiana left hore last week, and both were to have endurance runs, the battleship New Hampshire has arrived at Guantanamo on the way down the coast. The Louisiana when two days out, bad to be abandoned. She arrived at Guantanamo with one of her engines of the Commission.

The New Hampshire for the New Hampshire has arrived at Guantanamo with one of her engines of the course and with one of her engines of the commission.

The New Hampshire has arrived at Guantanamo with one of her engines of the course and the committee amendment setting the committee amendment of the committee amendment of the bill's passage the lection and adopted a substitute amendment offered by Senator Mapp, builders' trial trip, which was considered in the election of

of which Representative Manahan companied her. withdrew the word "cowardice." Minority Leader Mann, in the role of

At another point in the debate the

or imprisonment for those who encour-age and assist in the admission of allens who preach the doctrine of de-

the female suffrage problem into the discussion. Representative Manahan, of Minnesota, opposed a provision of the bill requiring deportation of foreigners who begin within five years after landing to preach destruction of property, bomb-throwing, egg-throwing and other forms of acute suffra-

"After refusing to recognize suf-frage," said Republican Leader Mann, "the Democrats now propose to de-port English women who are fighting for their rights. After your caucus you are bold, indeed:"

Representative Lenrost, Republican, Wisconsin, said: "Until last night the neighbor, the United States. On his taking office, however, Billinghurst canceled all existing or pending contracts with Americans, thus giving cause for further discontent.

His raid on the public treasury to connect the Isle of Lorenzo, off the barbor of Callea with that part arous the sum of the period of the woman and men who have denied the women and men who believe in suffrage the opportunity to be heard. That is a right the women of England are fighting to secure."
Representative Slayton, Texas, de-clared there seemed to be a disposi-tion to fail to differentiate between revolutionary movements and individ-ual crimes of anarchy and arson. Following passage of the bill there was cheering on the House floor and appleause in the galleries which Speak-

LOUIS L. JACKSON ACQUITTED

Charged With Murder of C. & O. Telegraph Operator at Scottsville.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
Charlottesville, Va., February 4.—
Louis L. Jackson, the Oklahoman charged with the murder of Richard W. Harrison, the Chesapeake and Ohio Rallway telegraph operator at Scottsville, this county, was acquitted in Circuit Court late this afternoon. Harrison was shot to death in his office last August, his body being found by a train crew. Though robbery is supposed to have been the motive, nothing was found to be missing, and it is believed that the assassin was frightened away by the approach of a freight train. A private autopsy showed that Harrison had been shot twice, which precluded any idea of accident or sulcide.

FOUNTAIN AS MEMORIAL

Will Be Erected in Honor of Herote Wireless Operators.

New York, February 4.—Work will soon be begun on the memorial fountain in Battery Park to be erected to the memory of Jack Phillips, the wireless operator of the Titanic, and others of his craft who have lost their lives in the performance of their duty.

The fountain, which will be of the finest white granite, will consist of a huge basin on a pedestal surmounted at the back by a cenotaph six feet high.

high.
The names of wireless operators to be inscribed on the cenotaph for the pres inscribed on the cenotaph for the present are:
Jack Phillips, steamship Titanle,
April 15, 1912, Atlantic Ocean.
S. Lawrence Prudshunt, steamship
Rosecranz, January 7, 1913, Pacific
Ocean.
Donald Campbell Perkins, steamship
State of California, August 18, 1913,
Pacific Ocean.
Ferdinand J. Kuehn, steamship Monroe, January 30, 1914, Atlantic Ocean.
Stephen F. Sezepank, steamship Pere
Marquette, September 9, 1910, Lake
Michigan.
George C. Eccles, steamship Ohio,
August 26, 1909, Pacific Ocean.

PALMER AGAINST PENROSE

Acting on President's Advice, Enters Race for Senate.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

Washington, February 4.—Representative A. Mitchell Palmer, of Pennsylvania, announced to-night that he would be the Democratic candidate for the Senate to contest with Boise Penrose, Republican. The statement follows:

"I had expected to be a candidate for Governor, and so announced to my

"I had expected to be a candidate for Governor, and so announced to my friends. We had hoped that Secretary Wilson would be a candidate for Senator, but having sought the President's counsel, we find that he is averse to Mr. Wilson's leaving the Cabinet. It is the President's juggment that I should make the race for Senator, and I have decided to do so. In the gubernatorial contest the line will be drawn just as effectively as if I were a candidate, but I understand that Vanee C. McCormick, who from the beginning has been a leader in our movement in Pennsylvania, will be a candidate for Governor."

SENTENCED TO SING SING

slip on which is printed between thirty and forty words.

In its present form, this measure passed the House and the Senate in the last Congress, but was vetoed by President Taft. A similar bill was vetoed during President Cleveland's second administration. The supporters of the bill are confident that it again will pass the Senate, although President Wilson has let it be known that he does not approve the literacy test.

Cassidy and Former Congressman Willett Also Flined SL,000 Each.

New York, February 4.—Joseph Cassidy, former Democratic boss of Queens County, and William Willett, a former Co

Opponents of the literacy test fought to the last, but on a last effort to sliminate the test from the bill, they were defeated 140 to 239. The final cote came at the end of a day of vigarous debate, which at times threw appeal.
Should the sentence stand, the greatest length of time Cassidy and Willett would have to serve is a year and six months, but by good behavior they might shorten their terms to a year.

BREAKS ALL RECORDS

At another point in the debate the chairman and Representative Mann had a heated exchange, the latter declaring that "the chair is disrespectful to the House."

Material amendments written by the House into the original bill penalize railroads in this country and American steamship lines for encourraging or soliciting immigration, and provide fines or imprisonment for those who encourrants. Sidney Hirsch, the author, has been

ton and Philadelphia.

Sidney Hirsch, the author, has been in Washington for the last month looking for a subject for the leading part, and selected Miss Clark as soon as he wrongs.

Inject Suffrage Problem.

House leaders prevented to-day return to the feared Japanese exclusion question, but the Republicans injected the female suffrage problem into the discussion.

Bernald Tight alleged saw her.

"No other girl I have ever seen," he said, "will fill the role as well as Miss Clark. Her face is beautiful and full of intellect. And she has a tall, statuesque figure."

HOBSON IS AROUSED

Calls Up Underwood, in Salary Protest Matter, Who Is Not Concerned.

Washington, February 4.—Represen-tative Richmond Pearson Hobson, of Washington, February 4.—Representative Richmond Pearson Hobson, of Alabama, who has been campaigning in Alabama against Representative Underwood for the Democratic senatorial nomination, was somewhat aroused to-day over the attempt of W. R. Parker, of Birmingham, to sold up his salary for the days he has been absent from the House. Hobson telephoned Representative Underwood demanding that something be done about the Parker protest. He declared that he wanted the matter called up on the floor of the House and threshed out, or dropped entirely. Mr. Underwood said he had nothing to do with the protest, did not know Parker, and would not concern himself with the matter.

NAVY FLIERS MAY ENTER

Daniels Willing for Them to Contest in Round-the-World Race.

in Round-the-World Race.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

Washington, February 14.—Secretary of the Navy Daniels to-day gave his permission to navy fliers to enter the round-the-world aeroplane race for prizes aggregating \$100,000 proposed by the Panama-Pacific Exposition.

"I shall bring the matter before the naval board for consideration and final approval, but so far as I am concerned officers of the aero-squadron are at liberty to enter the contest," said he. "The prize is sufficient to tempt the best fliers in the world, and it will undoubtedly give a great impetus to aerial navigation. Altitude, sustained flight and other records no doubt will be shattered and knowledge of the hitherto undreamed of possibilities come to light." er Clark was unable to check for sev-

BREMNER RALLIES AGAIN

SENATE ADJOURNS WITHOUT VOTING ON ENABLING ACT

Bill Is Passed to Its Third Reading and Engrossment.

COMES UP TO-DAY ON ITS PASSAGE

In Present Form Bill Provides for Election on Fourth Tuesday in September, and Makes the Electorate All Registered on January 1, 1914—If Prohibition Carries, State Will Be Dry on May 1, 1917-Beer Containing Low Percentage of Alcohol and Wine Manufactured to Be Sold Outside of State Are Exempted. Galleries Crowded With Spectators, Who Expected to Witness Final Vote.

After a tempestuous five-hour trip through the Senate yesterday the Wil-liams enabling act emerged at 7:05 'clock last night shorn of several of the amendments which had been added to it by the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections, and freighted with important amendments engrafted by motion from the floor.

When the stream of amendments which had flowed unbroken from the time the last committee amendmen was disposed of late in the afternoon, at last ran dry, the supperless Senate was without the strength or will power followed instantly with a motion to adjourn. It carried unanimously, and the bill will come up to-day on its

passage. Two sessions of the Senate were required to dispose of the amendments and send the bill to its engrossment The first session began at 12:30 o'clock and ended at 3:40 o'clock to give the weary Senators a breathing spell and a chance to eat a hasty luncheon. The second session began at 5 o'clock and was over at 7:05.

1914, and who may qualify for the election later under the provisions of

Will Take Part of Goddess of Wisdom
in Great Pageant-Drama.

Ispecial to The Times-Dispatch. 1

Exemptions Provided.
It adopted the committee amendment exempting from the prohibitive law the manufacture of wine to be sold and transported out of the State. It adopted an amendment offered by Senator Wendenburg, according to breweries and manufacturers of malt liquors that contain 3 1-2 per cent alcohol and less the same exemptions given to manufacturers of wine. It adopted an amendment proposed by Senator West, exempting from the restrictions of the prohibitive act the

manufacture and sale in Virginia of It defeated an amendment offered by Socator Harman, relieving from the operations of the law general bonded

warehouses in which spirits are stored under government bond. It rejected an amendment proposed by Senator Cannon, permitting hotels of seventy rooms' capacity or more to serve liquors to their registered guests. It rejected an additional section offered by Senator Holt making it a mis-demeanor, punishable by fine or imprisonment, after State-wide prohibition goes into effect, for any person, social club or firm to have in its possession or receive in the original package or otherwise any intoxicating liquors shipped into this State, the manufacture or sale of which is prohibited by

It ordered the amended bill to its

enumerated.

Except for an outburst or two to-wards the close of the twin session, the debate was free from bitterness. This was notably true of the discussion on the committee amendments. both sides appearing to desire to dis-pose of the business with a minimum of discussion. The bars were lowered in the discussion of the later amendments, when motives and methods were sharply arraigned.

Several of the Senators took occa-sion in the course of the debate on the amendments to speak at large on the question of State-wide prohibition, but there was an utter absence in these speeches of the sentiment and conten-

species of the sentiment and conten-tiousness which marked the speeches in the Senate two years ago.

The prospect of a settlement of the enabling act issue before adjournment attracted a crowd which filled the gal-lery, and the spare seats on the floor to their capacity. It came an hour be-

Congressman at Point of Death Shows
Remarkable Vitality.

Baltimore February t.—Congressman
Robert G. Bremner, of New Jersey, who
has been at the point of death for several days at a sanatorium here, where
he received radium treatment for cancer, to-day displayed remarkable vitality.

After rallying from a sinking spell
at midnight last night, Mr. Bremner
was much weaker to-day. Late to-day
he experienced another sinking spell,
but again rallied. To-night he still was
hovering between life and death.

(Continued On Fourth Page.)

a beaten enemy. The danger of

as Climax of Celebration of 100 Years Peace.